Middle Income Countries are experiencing ageing

- Productive age population has been declining in the advanced countries (Japan, European countries, and USA).
- While, in the middle income countries productive age group will reach peak around 2030s.
- African countries will face ageing population in the mid 2050s.

Aging is the results of Declining Number of Children

- Indonesia has experienced declining Total Fertility Rates from 1975.
- In average number of children will reach around 2.1
- Some of our provinces have reached below 2 TFR
- The improvement of health condition and total number of children will speed up the population structural changes.

Elderly (60+) population will be trippled in Indonesia

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Global Total</th>
<th>Indonesia Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>0.9 Billion</td>
<td>21.6 Million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2045</td>
<td>2.1 Billion</td>
<td>65.4 Million</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Indonesia Population Projection 2015-2045, Bappenas and Statistic Office

In 2019, only a few provinces have experienced ageing
Women elderly lives longer and alone

- Women: 45
- Men: 72
- 1971: 12%
- 2015: 56%
- 2045: 56%
- With Spouse: 12%
- With Children: 56%
- Alone: 32%

Being older is vulnerable to be poor

- Financially, Indonesian elderly are not ready to retire.
- Poverty rates among the elderly is high and persistent over time.
- More over, women elderly are more vulnerable.

3 Million elderly are poor (12.8% of the total elderly) - 2017
Yet, the figure hasn’t changed one year later:
3 Million elderly in 2018, 12.3% - 2018

Pension coverage is less than 15% and family starts to support at 70+

Rich elderly finance 50% of their consumption from investment, mostly properties.

Poor elderly, in both rural and urban, depend heavily on public transfers.

Elderly still WORK. Almost 50 percent of their consumption is financed by labor income.

Woman elderly is more vulnerable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>Unable to walk and other activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60+</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70+</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80+</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>Unable to remember, talk, see, or hear</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60+</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70+</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80+</td>
<td>32.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Accessibility to health facilities

- Any health complains?
  - 49.6%
  - 48.1%

- Out-patient
  - 52.9%
  - 51.3%

- Own National Health Insurance (JKN)
  - 68%
  - 67.8%

Making the Elderly More Productive

Active Ageing should be:
- Role model for the young generation
- Mentoring the young with their expertise
- Meaningful contribution to the community

Presidental Decree on Ageing Population

Realizing prosperous, independent, and dignified elderly by building strong, competitive, and adaptive human capital in more integrated efforts.

National Strategy for Building Independent, Prosperous, and Dignified Elderly

VISION
To realize independent, prosperous, and dignified ageing population

MISSION
- To strengthen capacity of the elderly
- To improve welfare of the elderly
- To foster safe neighborhood for the elderly

1. Build people awareness
2. Institutional Strengthening
3. Increase social protection coverage
4. Healthier Ageing Population
5. Respect and Fulfill the rights of the elderly